1399 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

3 standard reflections

every 100 reflections

intensity decay: 1.8%

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.008$

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5-[(4-Acetylphenyl)aminomethylene]-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 292 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.064; wR factor = 0.179; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.3.

In the title compound, $C_{15}H_{15}NO_5$, the six-membered dioxane ring assumes an envelope conformation with the dimethyl substituted C atom as the flap atom. An intramolecular N- $H \cdots O$ interaction is also present. In the crystal structure the molecules are linked via C-H···O hydrogen bonds into supramolecular chains along the b axis.

Related literature

For the biological activity of 4(1H)-quinolone structures, see: Ruchelman et al. (2003). 5-Arylaminomethylene-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-diones are key intermediates in the synthesis of 4(1H)quinolone derivatives by thermolysis (Cassis et al., 1985).



Experimental

Crystal data

C ₁₅ H ₁₅ NO ₅	$\gamma = 86.03 \ (4)^{\circ}$
$M_r = 289.28$	V = 712.0 (5) Å ³
Triclinic, P1	Z = 2
a = 7.102 (3) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 7.356 (4) Å	$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 13.856 (4) Å	$T = 292 { m K}$
$\alpha = 82.79 \ (4)^{\circ}$	$0.44 \times 0.36 \times 0.32 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 83.19 \ (4)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer Absorption correction: none 2894 measured reflections 2621 independent reflections

Refinement

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
N1−H1 <i>N</i> ···O4	0.84 (4)	2.05 (3)	2.699 (3)	133 (2)
$C1 - H1B \cdots O3^{i}$	0.96	2.57	3.480 (4)	158
$C9-H9\cdots O5^{i}$	0.93	2.59	3.429 (4)	150

Symmetry code: (i) x, y - 1, z.

Data collection: DIFRAC (Gabe & White, 1993); cell refinement: DIFRAC; data reduction: NRCVAX (Gabe et al., 1989); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU2521).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o1297 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809017425]

5-[(4-Acetylphenyl)aminomethylene]-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione

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Comment

The 4(1H) quinolone structure plays an extremely important role in the field of pharmaceutical chemistry. These compounds have been used as precursors for anticancer agents, anti-malarial agents and reversible (H+/K+) ATPase inhibitors (Ruchelman *et al.*, 2003). 5-Arylaminomethylene-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-diones are the key intermediates which can be used to synthesize the 4(1H) quinolone derivatives by thermolysis (Cassis *et al.*, 1985).

The molecular structure is shown in Fig. 1. The six membered dioxane ring assumes an envelope conformation. The imino group links with the adjacent O atom *via* O—H···O hydrogen bonding. In the crystal structure the molecules are linked *via* C—H···O hydrogen bonding into one dimensional supra-molecular chain along the *b* axis (Table 1).

Experimental

A methanol solution (50 ml) of Meldrum's acid (1.44 g, 0.01 mol) and methylorthoformate (1.27 g, 0.012 mol) was heated to reflux for 2 h, then the arylamine (1.35 g, 0.01 mol) was added into the above solution. The mixture was heated under reflux for another 8 h and then filtered. Single crystals were obtained from the filtrate after 2 d.

Refinement

The imino H atom was located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. Other H atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.93 (aromatic) or 0.96 Å (methyl), and refined using a riding model with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$ for methyl and $1.2U_{eq}(C)$ for the others.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

5-[(4-Acetylphenyl)aminomethylene]-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione

Crystal data	
C ₁₅ H ₁₅ NO ₅	Z = 2
$M_r = 289.28$	$F_{000} = 304$
Triclinic, PT	$D_{\rm x} = 1.349 { m Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

supplementary materials

a = 7.102 (3) Å
b = 7.356 (4) Å
c = 13.856 (4) Å
$\alpha = 82.79 \ (4)^{\circ}$
$\beta = 83.19 \ (4)^{\circ}$
$\gamma = 86.03 \ (4)^{\circ}$
$V = 712.0 (5) \text{ Å}^3$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	$R_{\rm int} = 0.008$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.5^{\circ}$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\min} = 1.5^{\circ}$
T = 292 K	$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$k = -3 \rightarrow 8$
Absorption correction: none	$l = -16 \rightarrow 16$
2894 measured reflections	3 standard reflections
2621 independent reflections	every 100 reflections
1399 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	intensity decay: 1.8%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.064$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.179$	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0987P)^{2}]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.03	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
2621 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.23 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
197 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct	Extinction correction: none

methods Extinction correction:

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

 $\theta = 4.4-7.4^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 292 KBlock, colourless $0.44 \times 0.36 \times 0.32 \text{ mm}$

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
O1	0.4606 (3)	0.5224 (2)	0.87501 (13)	0.0548 (6)
O2	0.4847 (3)	0.3153 (3)	0.75537 (13)	0.0585 (6)
O3	0.5363 (3)	0.8104 (3)	0.83800 (15)	0.0713 (7)
O4	0.5696 (3)	0.4044 (3)	0.60005 (14)	0.0688 (7)
O5	0.9300 (3)	1.4570 (3)	0.25900 (17)	0.0767 (7)
N1	0.6950 (3)	0.7445 (3)	0.54722 (17)	0.0485 (6)
H1N	0.674 (4)	0.644 (5)	0.528 (2)	0.066 (9)*
C1	0.3511 (5)	0.2250 (4)	0.9154 (2)	0.0677 (9)
H1A	0.3605	0.2286	0.9836	0.101*
H1B	0.3674	0.1003	0.9010	0.101*
H1C	0.2284	0.2754	0.8999	0.101*
C2	0.6988 (5)	0.2750 (5)	0.8795 (2)	0.0708 (9)
H2A	0.7894	0.3472	0.8371	0.106*
H2B	0.7236	0.1478	0.8706	0.106*
H2C	0.7094	0.2910	0.9463	0.106*
C3	0.5022 (4)	0.3356 (4)	0.8554 (2)	0.0504 (7)
C4	0.5331 (4)	0.6609 (4)	0.8097 (2)	0.0503 (7)
C5	0.5861 (4)	0.6195 (3)	0.71100 (18)	0.0440 (6)
C6	0.5512 (4)	0.4421 (4)	0.6835 (2)	0.0486 (7)
C7	0.6522 (4)	0.7568 (3)	0.64119 (19)	0.0443 (7)
H7	0.6681	0.8692	0.6625	0.053*
C8	0.7584 (4)	0.8835 (4)	0.47359 (19)	0.0443 (7)
C9	0.8222 (4)	0.8338 (4)	0.3821 (2)	0.0561 (8)
H9	0.8262	0.7113	0.3711	0.067*
C10	0.8804 (4)	0.9674 (4)	0.3063 (2)	0.0562 (8)
H10	0.9233	0.9337	0.2447	0.067*
C11	0.8752 (4)	1.1500 (4)	0.3217 (2)	0.0475 (7)
C12	0.8132 (4)	1.1971 (4)	0.4143 (2)	0.0510 (7)
H12	0.8113	1.3192	0.4256	0.061*
C13	0.7541 (4)	1.0661 (4)	0.4903 (2)	0.0491 (7)
H13	0.7118	1.0998	0.5521	0.059*
C14	0.9294 (4)	1.2990 (4)	0.2415 (2)	0.0558 (8)
C15	0.9783 (5)	1.2522 (5)	0.1391 (2)	0.0731 (10)
H15A	1.0042	1.3622	0.0958	0.110*
H15B	0.8735	1.1954	0.1195	0.110*
H15C	1.0885	1.1690	0.1365	0.110*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

Atomic dis	placement parameter	$rs(A^2)$				
	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U ²³
01	0.0800 (14)	0.0361 (11)	0.0476 (11)	0.0014 (9)	-0.0018 (10)	-0.0097 (9)
02	0.0936 (15)	0.0361 (11)	0.0467 (11)	-0.0137 (10)	-0.0013 (10)	-0.0087 (9)
O3	0.125 (2)	0.0320 (11)	0.0598 (12)	-0.0023 (11)	-0.0121 (12)	-0.0163 (9)
04	0.1213 (19)	0.0381 (11)	0.0475 (12)	-0.0173 (12)	0.0040 (11)	-0.0130 (9)

supplementary materials

0.0993 (18)	0.0370 (13)	0.0893 (17)	-0.0106 (11)	0.0019 (13)	0.0012 (11)
0.0641 (16)	0.0299 (13)	0.0525 (15)	-0.0091 (11)	-0.0043 (12)	-0.0071 (11)
0.087 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.0591 (19)	-0.0135 (17)	0.0026 (17)	-0.0095 (16)
0.078 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.078 (2)	0.0051 (16)	-0.0068 (18)	0.0021 (16)
0.071 (2)	0.0296 (14)	0.0505 (16)	0.0001 (13)	-0.0032 (14)	-0.0068 (12)
0.0647 (19)	0.0389 (16)	0.0488 (16)	0.0057 (13)	-0.0135 (14)	-0.0092 (13)
0.0512 (16)	0.0371 (15)	0.0455 (15)	0.0007 (12)	-0.0106 (13)	-0.0086 (12)
0.0670 (19)	0.0346 (15)	0.0435 (16)	-0.0027 (13)	-0.0018 (13)	-0.0065 (12)
0.0527 (16)	0.0300 (14)	0.0525 (17)	-0.0017 (12)	-0.0121 (13)	-0.0086 (12)
0.0449 (16)	0.0374 (15)	0.0520 (16)	-0.0071 (12)	-0.0067 (12)	-0.0067 (12)
0.069 (2)	0.0416 (16)	0.0597 (18)	-0.0133 (14)	0.0005 (15)	-0.0137 (14)
0.0639 (19)	0.0526 (19)	0.0525 (17)	-0.0094 (15)	0.0036 (14)	-0.0140 (14)
0.0434 (16)	0.0431 (16)	0.0548 (17)	-0.0042 (12)	-0.0029 (13)	-0.0029 (13)
0.0608 (19)	0.0312 (14)	0.0611 (18)	-0.0040 (12)	-0.0069 (14)	-0.0048 (13)
0.0588 (18)	0.0377 (15)	0.0518 (16)	0.0021 (13)	-0.0048 (13)	-0.0129 (13)
0.0464 (17)	0.0531 (19)	0.066 (2)	0.0003 (14)	-0.0062 (14)	-0.0001 (15)
0.083 (2)	0.063 (2)	0.065 (2)	-0.0021 (18)	0.0077 (18)	0.0072 (16)
	0.0993 (18) 0.0641 (16) 0.087 (2) 0.078 (2) 0.071 (2) 0.0647 (19) 0.0512 (16) 0.0670 (19) 0.0527 (16) 0.0449 (16) 0.069 (2) 0.0639 (19) 0.0434 (16) 0.0608 (19) 0.0588 (18) 0.0464 (17) 0.083 (2)	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	0.0993 (18) $0.0370 (13)$ $0.0893 (17)$ $0.0641 (16)$ $0.0299 (13)$ $0.0525 (15)$ $0.087 (2)$ $0.056 (2)$ $0.0591 (19)$ $0.078 (2)$ $0.053 (2)$ $0.078 (2)$ $0.071 (2)$ $0.0296 (14)$ $0.0505 (16)$ $0.0647 (19)$ $0.0389 (16)$ $0.0488 (16)$ $0.0512 (16)$ $0.0371 (15)$ $0.0455 (15)$ $0.0670 (19)$ $0.0346 (15)$ $0.0435 (16)$ $0.0527 (16)$ $0.0300 (14)$ $0.0525 (17)$ $0.0449 (16)$ $0.0374 (15)$ $0.0520 (16)$ $0.0639 (19)$ $0.0526 (19)$ $0.0525 (17)$ $0.0434 (16)$ $0.0431 (16)$ $0.0548 (17)$ $0.0608 (19)$ $0.0377 (15)$ $0.0518 (16)$ $0.0588 (18)$ $0.0377 (15)$ $0.0518 (16)$ $0.0464 (17)$ $0.0531 (19)$ $0.066 (2)$ $0.083 (2)$ $0.063 (2)$ $0.065 (2)$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C4	1.361 (3)	C5—C7	1.374 (4)
O1—C3	1.438 (3)	C5—C6	1.450 (4)
O2—C6	1.342 (3)	С7—Н7	0.9300
O2—C3	1.434 (3)	C8—C9	1.380 (4)
O3—C4	1.216 (3)	C8—C13	1.389 (4)
O4—C6	1.212 (3)	C9—C10	1.390 (4)
O5—C14	1.217 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9300
N1—C7	1.315 (3)	C10—C11	1.383 (4)
N1—C8	1.408 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
N1—H1N	0.85 (3)	C11—C12	1.384 (4)
C1—C3	1.498 (4)	C11—C14	1.495 (4)
C1—H1A	0.9600	C12—C13	1.383 (4)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—H1C	0.9600	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C3	1.499 (4)	C14—C15	1.497 (4)
C2—H2A	0.9600	C15—H15A	0.9600
C2—H2B	0.9600	C15—H15B	0.9600
С2—Н2С	0.9600	C15—H15C	0.9600
C4—C5	1.438 (3)		
C4—O1—C3	119.3 (2)	O2—C6—C5	117.1 (2)
С6—О2—С3	120.1 (2)	N1—C7—C5	126.2 (2)
C7—N1—C8	127.6 (2)	N1—C7—H7	116.9
C7—N1—H1N	116 (2)	С5—С7—Н7	116.9
C8—N1—H1N	116 (2)	C9—C8—C13	120.2 (3)
C3—C1—H1A	109.5	C9—C8—N1	117.8 (3)
C3—C1—H1B	109.5	C13—C8—N1	122.0 (2)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C8—C9—C10	119.7 (3)
C3—C1—H1C	109.5	С8—С9—Н9	120.1
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	С10—С9—Н9	120.1

H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C11—C10—C9	120.7 (3)
С3—С2—Н2А	109.5	C11—C10—H10	119.7
C3—C2—H2B	109.5	С9—С10—Н10	119.7
H2A—C2—H2B	109.5	C10-C11-C12	118.8 (3)
C3—C2—H2C	109.5	C10-C11-C14	122.5 (3)
H2A—C2—H2C	109.5	C12-C11-C14	118.7 (3)
H2B—C2—H2C	109.5	C13—C12—C11	121.3 (3)
O2—C3—O1	111.4 (2)	C13—C12—H12	119.4
O2—C3—C1	105.9 (2)	C11—C12—H12	119.4
O1—C3—C1	106.4 (2)	C12—C13—C8	119.3 (3)
O2—C3—C2	110.2 (2)	С12—С13—Н13	120.4
O1—C3—C2	109.4 (2)	С8—С13—Н13	120.4
C1—C3—C2	113.4 (3)	O5-C14-C11	120.4 (3)
O3—C4—O1	117.5 (2)	O5-C14-C15	120.4 (3)
O3—C4—C5	125.9 (3)	C11—C14—C15	119.2 (3)
O1—C4—C5	116.5 (2)	C14—C15—H15A	109.5
C7—C5—C4	118.8 (2)	C14—C15—H15B	109.5
C7—C5—C6	120.4 (2)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.5 (2)	C14—C15—H15C	109.5
O4—C6—O2	118.4 (2)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
O4—C6—C5	124.5 (3)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
N1—H1N···O4	0.84 (4)	2.05 (3)	2.699 (3)	133 (2)
C1—H1B···O3 ⁱ	0.96	2.57	3.480 (4)	158
С9—Н9…О5 ⁱ	0.93	2.59	3.429 (4)	150
Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y=1, z$.				

